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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/799,151		03/12/2004	L. McD. Schetky	68.0210CNT4	7904	
35204	7590	02/16/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
SCHLUMI 14910 AIRI		RESERVOIR CO	NEUDER, WILLIAM P			
P.O. BOX 1		מא	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ROSHARO	N, TX 7	7583-1590		3672		
				DATE MAILED: 02/16/2009	DATE MAILED: 02/16/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/799,151	SCHETKY ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	William P Neuder	3672					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_·						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	y (PTO-413) Pate					
3) ⊠ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/7/04,6/18/04</u> .	6) Other:						
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Ad	ction Summary P	art of Paper No./Mail Date 20050211					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 28,29,33-35,38,39,40 and 42-49 are objected to because of the following informalities: In claim 39, line 2 "and expandable" should be –an expandable--. The dependencies of claims 28,29,33-35,38,40 and 42-49 appear to be in error. Some of the claims depend from themselves or higher claims. Based on the parent application, it appears as if these numbers should be 2 less than they currently are. For example, claim 28 should depend from claim 27 and not claim 29. These claims have been treated as if they depend from a number two less than currently stated. Please correct these claim dependencies in response to this office action. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 17 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 17 and 23 claim that the device has multiple expanded diameters. This is not understood. Where in the specification and drawings is this feature set forth.

Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain <u>a</u> patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to

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identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 24-29,38 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims18-25 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,799,637. This is a double patenting rejection.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-23,30-37,39-45 and 47-49 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-25 of U.S. Patent No. 6,799,637. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the instant application are broader than the claims of the patent and are fully encompassed by the claims of the patents.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5,32-35 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fierens et al.

Fierens discloses an expandable bistable device having a plurality of cells arranged in a tubular shape. The cells are stable in both a collapses and an expanded configuration. In apparatus claims, limitations such as "for use in a wellbore' are given little patentable weight. The device of Fierens could be used in a wellbore and therefore is considered to meet this limitation. As to claim 2, the cells comprise two elongated members connected to one another. As to claim 3, both the collapsed and expanded states are tubular. As to claim 4, if the device were to be placed in a wellbore, some kind of conveyance device would inherently be used to place the device. As to claim 5, an expandable bladder is used to expand the device and aid in transportation of the device to the desired location. As to claims 32-35, a plurality of expandable deices can be used. As to claim 39, the expandable bladder is considered the device connected to the tubular.

Claims 36,41,43,44 and 47-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gano.

Gano discloses an expandable device and method having expansible tubing with a communication line 48 and sensors 15. As to claim 41, the communication line is run

prior to expansion of the tubing. As to claim 43, cable 48 is along the exterior. As to claim 44, the line is attached to the tubing. As to claims 47-49, sensor 15 is a device attached to the tubing.

Claims 36,41 and 43-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bixenman et al.

Bixenman discloses expandable tubing having a communication line 52 within the expansible tubing. As to claims 43-45, the communication line is within a passage formed in the expandable tubing.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William P Neuder whose telephone number is 703-308-2150. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David J Bagnell can be reached on 703-308-2151. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William P Neuder

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Primary Examiner Art Unit 3672

W.P.N.